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4-14-62





CIA Chief Accused of Girl Lure



ALLEN DULLES

Allen W. Dulles is being accused by Soviet Russia of using fancy women to corrupt the Reds' Olympic teams, The New York Herald Tribune said today in a copyright story under a Moscow dateline.

today in a copyright story under a Moscow dateline.

The newspaper said the "gamy charge" against the U. S. Central Intelligence Agency chief was made in the Soviet Little Gazette, which reflected official inspiration.

The communist paper implied Mr. Dulles used other methods, to corrupt Soviet athletes, but they pushed his temptresses aside and went on the win the grane.

to win the game.

A "team of professional American spies and provocateurs tried to subvert the Russian sportsmen by attempted kidnaping, sneakthievery and frameups on espionage charges," The Herald-Tribune's dispatch quoted the Moscow paper.

Moscow paper.
This, the dispatch pointed out, was the first time Mr. Dulles' purported activities were charged by the Soviets, altho the games took place four months ago and were attended by scores of the source of the source

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MR. A. H. BELMONT DATE: April 8, 1957 TO DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: | Sop | Chols | Polassification Guide | Chols | MR. R. R. ROACH FROM: DATE 03-11-2013 ardmañ lmont . Mason . Mohr -CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY SUBJECT: Parsons -Rosen Tamm Nease Reference is made to the enclosed article which Winterrowd appeared in the "Washington Daily News," on April 3, 1957. Tele. Room Holloman . The Soviets have made an accusation that Allen Dulles of Gandy. Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) used "fancy women" in an attempt to "corrupt" the Soviet Olympic teams. b3 ACTION: For your information. None. Enclosure 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Section Tickler 1 - Mr. Papich APR 11 1957

Office Memorandum • United States Government

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o :	MR. A. H. BELMONT	ah	DATE:	April 8, 19	57
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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION CUIDE Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT May 1, 1957 MR. TOLSON J. P. MOHR FROM CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENC SUBJECT: PROPOSED INVESTIGATION BY HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE Special Agent Richard F. McIlwain called me about 1:00 p.m. today and said that he had received his indoctrination as the new Director of / the Investigative Staff of the House Appropriations Committee. As of today, Mr. McIlwain moved up from the position of Assistant Director to Director when Special Agent Charles G. Haynes returned to the Bureau this morning. Mr. McIlwain stated he was called to a conference by Russ Orescan. who is a clerk who has over-all supervision of the appropriations for the military agencies. Orescan told McIlwain that he had a proposed directive for the Investigative Staff to investigate CIA. Orescan explained that Chairman Cannon had pointed out that the five top members of the Appropriations Committee are not satisfied with CIA operations and they desire that CIA be investigated. Orescan のいいの also stated that the Chairman desired that Bureau personnel exclusively beutilized on this investigation since the members of the Investigative Staff who would work on it would have to be cleared for secret and top secret information Investigation of Ventral Intellig and because the Chairman felt that the FBI was the only one qualified to make the inquiry. Mr. McIlwain stated there were five points outlined in the proposed draft instructing that the inquiry be made. The five points are as follows: 1. An analysis of the organizational structure of CIA from the standpoint of effective intelligence. 2. A breakdown of fiscal years 1957 and 1958 requests for appropriations by major sources of intelligence. RECORDED - 97 62-80750-2 General evaluation of accuracy and importance of intelli gence processed and referred to using agencies. cc: Mr. Belmont

Mr. Boardman Mr. Nichols Mr. Holloman

JPM:eam

Memorandum to Mr. Tolson

Re: Central Intelligence Agency (CIA)

Proposed Investigation by

House Appropriations Committee

- 4. List of other agencies working with CIA, which gather intelligence, including number of personnel and annual operating cost for intelligence purposes. (McIlwain said that according to Orescan this applies to agencies operating overseas.)
- 5. List, and very brief description of activities, other than directly related to intelligence, conducted by CIA in fiscal year 1957 and proposed for fiscal year 1958.

McIlwain subsequently advised me that he learned from Orescan that Orescan had the conference with Chairman Cannon and Chairman Cannon had put in a call for the Director; however, the Director was out of the office. Orescan said that Cannon apparently wants to talk to the Director about the reason for the inquiry and why the top five Committee members think it is desirable and why Chairman Cannon feels that the inquiry should be conducted by FBI personnel.

I have discussed the proposed directive with Mr. Belmont and he agrees with me that the Bureau should not become involved in such an inquiry of CIA. Certainly such an inquiry cannot do the Bureau any good and it would be a rather odd situation for one intelligence agency in the executive branch of the Government to be inspecting and objectively criticizing another one. Many of the answers to the proposed directive by the Committee would necessarily have to be opinions not necessarily based on fact. The proposed Item Three is a good example of where opinion of the inspecting or investigating staff would have to be injected into the answers.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the Bureau not become involved in the inquiry of the Central Intelligence Agency.

Pagree. We should not get modered atthe regular of Chains

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ro :	MR. A. H. BELMONT	DATE: May 1, 1957
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Phoenix would appreciate any comments from the bureau regarding this possibility and any suggestion about how it can be met.

Extra copies of this letter are being furnished the bureau for possible forwarding to the Legat at Mexico City.

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE

Office Memoranaum • United STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

MR. TOLSON

GIR 1

DATE: May 6, 1957

FROM :

J. P. MOHR

SUBJECT:

INVESTIGATION OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

BY HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

Richard McIlwain, Special Agent and Staff Director of the Investigative Staff of the House Appropriations Committee, called me this morning and stated that he was endeavoring to line up some former Special Agent who could head up the investigation of the Central Intelligence Agency for the House Appropriations Committee. He said that he saw former Special Agent Kenneth McIntire yesterday in connection with this matter and McIntire pointed out that he retired from the Office of Special Investigations and was going with Capital Airlines on June 1, 1957, to be in charge of a new training program. McIntire stated that as a result, he would not have time to devote to such a project as the House Appropriations Committee proposes with respect to the Central Intelligence Agency.

McIlwain stated he had previously talked to Mr. D. M. Ladd and Mr. Ladd said he wasn't interested because he would be tied up on his present assignment until June 30, 1957, and Mr. Ladd didn't feel he should become involved in such an inquiry.

McIlwain stated that the Committee desired that the inquiry be completed and a report submitted by no later than June 22, 1957, and therefore any inquiry would have to be very limited and would have to be conducted under an emergency crash basis.

Mr. McIlwain stated that the name of former Inspector Thomas Naughten had been furnished to him as a possibility for heading up the staff and unless I had some objections, he planned on furnishing Naughten's name to Congressman Cannon this morning with the idea of letting Congressman Cannon work out the loan of Naughten for this assignment.

The foregoing is submitted for your information and McIlwain Lix stated he would keep me advised of any further developments.

JPM:eam

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Office Memorandum ·

MR. MOHR

DATE: May 14, 1957

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> Tele, Room Holloman -

Gandy .

N. P. CALLAHAN

SUBJECT:

Richard McIlwain, Chief of the Investigative Staff, House Appropriations Committee, telephonically advised the writer last night that he and Corhal D. Orescan of the House Appropriations Committee had conferred with former Special Agent Robert Collier on the possibility of Collier's directing the staff to inquire into the operations of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA).

McIlwain stated he wanted to advise the Bureau that Collier while interested was committed to the extent with other clients and he would not be able to undertake such an inquiry until the latter part of the Summer or early Fall.

As a result, McIlwain indicated that Orescan was going to confer with Chairman Cannon of the House Appropriations Committee and endeavor to have Cannon forego the inquiry into CIA until such time as a capable person could be obtained to head up this inquiry.

McIlwain indicated that he desired the Bureau to have this information promptly in the event Collier should request to see the Director. This is submitted for information and record purposes only. McIlwain will keep the Bureau advised of developments in connection with this matter.

NPC:gt

C.C: MR. HOLLOMAN

5714

51 MAY 24 1957

FILE

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

	MR. A. H.	BAUMGARDNER	80	DATE:	May 16,	Tolson
SUBJECT:					b3	Mason Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm Nease Winterrowd
[Reference is	made to			Tele. Room Holloman Gandy
, m.)						b3 b7I
Comment						
	, 					
	100-3-94	-lmont	62	80250	TOI!	b3
60 MAY 2	Mr. Re	lmont umgardner steh ms		18 MAY 99 1957	— ;, —	2

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont RE: 100-3-94	b3
Inasmuch as	b3
PPCOMACEND ARTON .	b7D
RECOMMENDATION:	
That attached letter be transmitted to CIA through our liaison representative who is coordinating	b3 b7
this matter.	
A. My Mar	,
/ Y V	

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013

Office Memorandum • United STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON	DATE: May 16, 1957
The Chief of the Fire Department a Mr. Loveday, attempted to telephonically combue to my being tied up, I had DeLoach talk with	t at Brandywine, Maryland, Trotter Nease Tele. Root tact me at 9:05 A.M. today.
Chief Loweday indicated that he has which involved indiscretions on the part of one of stated the matter came within the jurisdiction of appreciate an agent calling upon him for further desire to discuss the matter over the telephone, have an agent call on him.	or more officials of CIA. He f the FBI and that he would facts inasmuch as he did not
After talking with Loveday, SAC advised of the above facts and instructed to have	
	my de
cc-Mr. Belmont (Mr. Papich) CDD: jmr (3)	

EX. - 116

INDEXED - 33
RECORDED - 33

62-80750-298

10 MAY 21. 957

in Jook 3

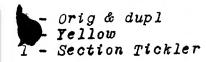
DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80 Tic: Wr. Garrett

SAC, Yoshington Field (119 & 1) key 15, 1967 Director, FBI (100-343636) b3 b7D b3 A representative of the Bureau was informed b7D b3 b7D This is for your information only in the event CFG: bab fal Rufiles negative as to any previous Telescontinuent b3 b7D

MATL ROOM

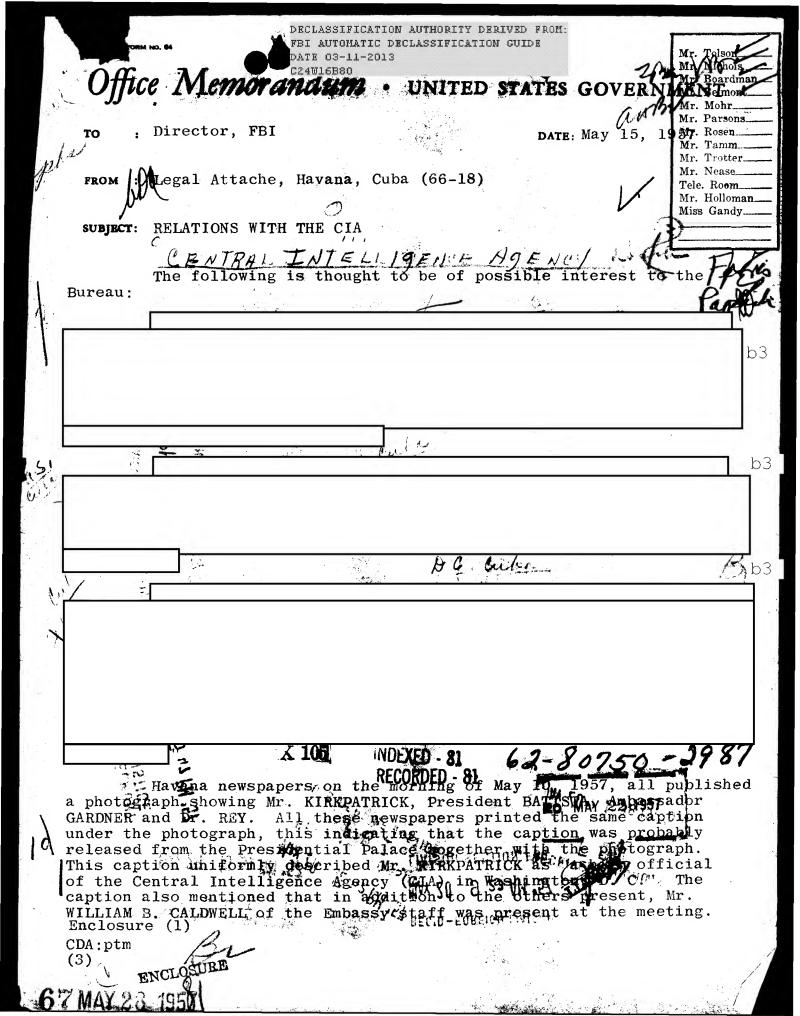
Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

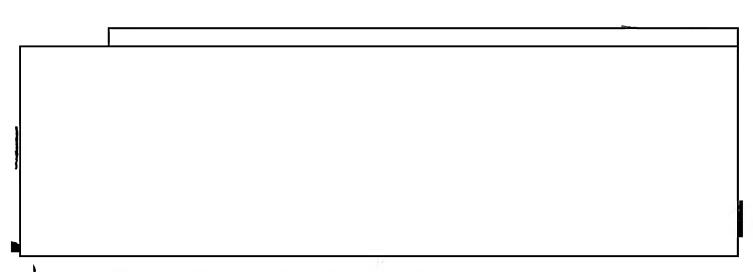
: Mr. Tolson DATE: May 10, 1957 PROM : L. B. Nichold SUBJECT: Ocent Tom Donegan of the Subversive Activities Control Boa advised this afternoon that b7D b3 b7D DRIGINAL COPY FILED IN b3 b7D It is recommended this memorandum be routed for the attention of the Domestic Intelligence Division JJM: hpf (4)



Legal Attache, Ri	o de Janeiro	May b3	16, 1957
Derector, EET	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		A ROPE
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RECORDED - 39 ur fet 5/3/	57 advising that		
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Bureau files	reflect also that		k
3 3 7 3 4 2 7 3 5 5			
You should h	e alert for any inc	ilcation that	
order that the Bureau	may be properly app		in copriate
action taken.			-
Al - Foreign Ligiean II	nit (datashad))	
Foreign Liaison U	err (der g ened)	100	
WFE: 1mm (5)	3	- WARDINA	
		U	
Mail Room V	LEG	AT .	

Mr. Tolson. Mr. Nichols. Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERN Mr. Boardmank MNBelmont Mr. Mohr. Mr. Parsons. DATE: May 3, 1957 R. Rosen... : Director, FBI TO Legal Attache, Rio de Janeiro Tele. Room. Mr. Holloman. SUBJECT: b3 Miss Gandy. ReRiolet 2-27-57. which advised that JJM:vw DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE (4)DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80 RECORDED - 39 62 - 6





This is furnished for the Bureau's information. Attached is clipping from the May 10, 1957, issue of the Havana Post which contains be photograph and the caption mentioned above.



LYMAN KILPATRICK, a high official of the Central Intelligence A gency (CIA) in Washington, D. C., paid a courtesy visit to President Batista yesterday at the Palace, He was accompanied by UU. S. Ambassador Arthur Gardner and William B. Caldwell, also of the embas sy staff. Shown above are from left to right Kilpatrick, President Batista, Ambassador Gardner and Santiago C. Rey, Minister of the Interior who heads the Bureau for the Repression of Communist Activities (BRAC).

The Havana Fest Havana, Cuba May 10, 1957

ENCLOSION

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80

May 16, 1957

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. BOARDMAN MR. BELMONT

MR. NICHOLS

On Wednesday, May 1, 1957, I saw Mr. Corhal F. Grescan, the Staif Elector of the House Appropriations Committee, who called after Congressman Clarence Cannon, the Chairman of that Committee, had spoken to me on the phone asking me to see Mr. Orescan about a very urgent and important matter.

Mr. Orescan informed me that the Chairman was desirous of naving assigned to the Committee on loan a number of Agents who would inqualified to make an investigation of the over-all operations and functions of the Central Intelligence Agency.

I told Mr. Orescan that while I have always tried to promptly meet the wishes of the Chairman, in this particular matter, I felt it would be most inadvisable and undesirable for any personnel of this Eureau to assigned to the Committee for such a purpose. I advised Mr. Orescan that over the years in columns and articles there had been certain insimulation that the FBI was jealous of and desirous of taking over CIA. I added there of course, was no foundation for any such suspicions, but that nevertheless, they had prevailed, and that for any personnel of this Eureau, even on loan to be assigned by a Congressional Committee to conduct an investigation of CIA would inevitably revive the stories which had previously appeared and the Eureau would be subject to severe criticism by the Central Intelligence Agency and persons particularly friendly to it.

I told Mr. Orescan that if the Chairman history aparthis matter being given consideration, it would be necessary for me to speak to the Attorney General about it because I would not feel authorized to accede to the Chairman's request, upon my own authority, in such a delicate matter and that I would have to be frank in advising Mr. Orescan that I would recommend to the Attorney General that this not be done for the

reasons that I had previously stated.

JEH: TLC

SENT FROM D. O.
TIME
DATE
BY

Tolson Nichols Boardman Belmont Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm Trotter

Tele. Roon. Holloman ... Mesers. Johson, Boardman, Beimont, Nichols

May 16, 1957

Mr. Orescan stated he fully appreciated my views in this matter and he would convey them to the Chairman. Mr. Orescan then inquired of me as to what suggestion I might make with regard to who could make such an investigation, as the Chairman was determined to go into the matter promptly and thoroughly. I told Mr. Orescan that the only suggestion that I could make would be for the Chairman to seek the services of some ex-Agents because it was obvious that for such an investigation as the Chairman desired to be satisfactory, it would have to be made by individuals with previous intelligence experience. Mr. Crescan inquired of me as to whether I knew any ex-Agents who would be available and I told him that I did not. There was some reference then made to the possibility of securing the services of Mr. Ladd or Mr. Collier, and I told Mr. Crescan that both were excellent men, but I, of course, did not know of their availability and it would be up to the Chairman or representatives of Mr. prescan's office to make appropriate inquiries along these lines. Mr. Prescan stated be would discuss the matter again with the Chairman, and if there was any question, he would promptly communicate with me.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

DATE 03-11-2013 ison Section C24W16B80 - Mr. Papich SAC, Washington Field May 22, 1957 Director, FBI b3 BECORDED-42 62-80750 -2988 b3 The above is being furnished to you for your Enfidential information. SJP:bjt/(6) NOTE: The above information was furnished to the Bureau The information was immediately referred to b3 the attention of the Investigative Division

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:

FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE

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*	62-80750-2989	May 22, 19 57
	Director, FBI	78554
RECORDED -	31	b3
		b3
		b3

The above is for your information. It has been furnished confidentially by CIA and should not be disseminated.

WRW:et Jt
(4)

Tolson ____ Nichols _____ MMILEU IU Boardman ____ Belmont _____ MAY 21, 1957 Mason _____ Mohr ... Rosen Tamm WAT TO 72 Winterrowd ___ dele com_

Wa Buy

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ro : MR. R. R. ROACE	ратв: Мау 20, 1957
FROM: S. J. PAP	Tolson
	Tamm
	b3
ACTION: The above information attention of the Espionage Secti	is being referred to the on.
RECORDED - 31 (4) 1 - Mr. Branigan 1 - Section 1 - Mr. Papich	62-8-7-0-2989 E3 MAY 24 1957
Ly touto 5-22-57 WRUNET	5- Warren

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM-

Office Memorandum	FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80 • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont	DATE: May 22, 1957
FROM: Mr. R. R. Rodok SUBJECT:	Tolson Nichols Boardman Belmont Mason Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm
	Nease Winterrowd — Tele. Room — Holloman — Gandy — b3 b7D b7E

Inasmuch as

the above information was

furnished to that office on the afternoon of May 20, 1957.

b7D b7E

b3

ACTION:

None. For your information.

SJP: bjt / t

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Branigan

1 - Liaison Section

1 - Mr. Papich

62-1075 - 2990

RECORDED-11 INDEXED-11

10 MAY 24 1957

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ro : Mr. <u>A</u>	H. Belmont		b3	DATE: May	Tolson Nichols Boardman Belmont Raspers Raspers Rosen Nease
	Agent Papic	h has lear	ned that		Winterrowd Fele. Room Holloman Gandy
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ACTION:				No	
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1 - Mr. Bell 1 - Mr. Mol	ır		NDEXED - 35	24 JUN 4 19	137
1 - Liaisor 1 - Mr. Pap	; Section oich	EX 116	•		>
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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80

Office Memorandum • United States Government

ro : Mr. R. R. Roach	DATE: May 27, 1957
FROM: Mr. S. J. Pap	Tolson Nichols Boardman Belmont Mason
SUBJECT:	D-126 Practices Rosen Rosen
On May 24,-1957	TammNease
	nce Agency (CIA), Holloman
Port Contract Contrac	b3
The foregoing information wa Washington Field Office on May 24, 19	E (*)
	b3
ACTION:	>
None. For your information.	.A
· ·	2000
-	- Soloo-2993
11. EUURDED-126	3 JUN 4 1957
SJP: bjtliv INDEXED-126	
<pre>1 - Mr. Branigan 1 - Liaison Section</pre>	7000
1 - Mr. Papich	5

Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Mr. A. H. Belmont() DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: 29, 1957 FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 Tol see C24W16B80 FROM : Mr. R. R. Rocci Nichols Boardman SUBJECT: ANDREW SZENTGYORGYI Parsons INTERNAL SECURITY - HUNGARY Nease **Viaterrowd** Tele. Room Holloman b3 b3 Although the instant matter may be insignificant from the Bureau's over-all operations, it should be noted that the efficient handling in the field and at headquarters did the Bureau much good. With regard to the Spaterstem at the New York Office on May 17, 1967, Most Message parayi advised that Ber Suebeld was a reporter and during the first few menths of this year he had been NOT RECORDED 126 JUN 4 1957

Memorandum Mr. Roach to Mr. Belmont

RE: ANDREW SZENTGYORGYI INTERNAL SECURITY - HUNGARY

developing information in the "Galindez case" and the attempted revolution in Cuba. She stated that he left New York on April 8, 1957, for Cuba and that she recently received a cable from him which gave the impression that he had interviewed Fidel Castro the Cuban rebel leader, and that he was proceding to Havana and would be home within a week. Mrs. Szentgyorgyi advised that a week had passed and she now fears that her husband may have been detained by Cuban authorities.

ACTION:

None. For your information.

As He

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80

American Embassy Paris 8, France

ates	May 29, 1957		
o: ,,	Director, FBI		
rom:	Legal Attache, Paris (91-17)		• b3
ubject:			b7D
/4/57•	Re Paris let 3/13/57, Bulet 3	8/25/57 and Par	ris let
		er jug	
		- ·	b
	Accordingly, this office reco	mmends that t	nis office
		1 40 0114	0- V b3

ROL:AM cc 66-128

NOT THE OPDED 170 JUN 21 1957 1

b7D

STANDARD FORM NO. 64 Office Memorandum, united states government . Mr. R. R. Roach DATE: June 4, 1957 Tol son b3 Mr. S. J. Par Nichols Boardman Belmont Mason . SUBJECT: Mohr _ Parsons 4 8 1 Rosen Tamm Nease Winterrowd On June 3, 1957, Central Intelligence Agency Tele. Room (CIA) advised that Holloman , ACTION: The above information is being directed to the attention of the Special Inquiry Section b3 DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80 SJP: bjtwo RECORDED . 17 INDEXED . 77 1 - Mr. Callan 1 - Liaison Section 62-30450.2994 1 - Mr. Papich 14 JUN 6 1957

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Common Co

62 10 1957

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE **COMMUNICATIONS SECTION**

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80

Mr. Boardman Mr. Belmont. Mr. Mohr_ Mr. Parsons. Mr. Rosen. Mr. Tamm. Mr. Trotter. Mr. Nease... Tele. Room... Mr. Holleman Miss Gandy-AM CST

Mr. Tolson

Mr. Nichols.

URGENT

10-25 6-5-57

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM SAC, SAN ANTONIO

1-P

UNKNOWN SUBJECT, OWNER ONE NINE FIVE SEVEN TWO-DOOR DODGE, ONE NINE FIVE SEVEN TEXAS LICENSE PLATES NO. JX THREE NINE FOUR NAUGHT. MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING-LIAISON.

REBUTEL JUNE FOUR. DEPARTMENT PUBLIC SAFETY RECORDS REFLECT ONE NINE FIVE SEVEN TEXAS LICENSE JX THREE NINE FOUR NAUGHT REGISTERED TO ONE NINE FIVE SEVEN DODGE SEDAN. SERIAL THREE FIVE ONE NINE EIGHT SEVEN THREE NAUGHT. IN THE NAME OF JOSE AGUIRRE, ONE ONE NAUGHT SEVEN KENNY, CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS, WHICH IS IN HOUSTON DIVISION. NO STOLEN REPORT AND NO LIEN ON AUTO. INDICIES NEGATIVE ON LICENSE NUMBER. NAME JOSE AGUIRRE IS COMMON LATIN AMERICAN NAME. HOWEVER. NO INFO IN SAN ANTONIO FILES THAT APPEARS PERTINENT TO INSTANT INDIVIDUAL.

RUC.

RECURDED-44

b3

END AND ACK PLS.

12-28 PM OK FBI WA JS

TU DISC

50 JUN 1 + 195

B JUN 11 1957

62-80750-2996 CHANGED TO 62-104072-2

JUL 3 1957

W. C.

0

1 - Mr. Day

Memorandum Mr. R. R. Roach to Mr. A. H. Belment RE b3 b3 ACTION: There is attached b3

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

JJ				
	A. H. BELMONT		DATE: June 11, 19	
FROM:	W. A. BRANIGAN PLAS CZ.	diest Entell	igenes Agen	Tolson Nichols Boardman Belmont Mason
subject:	EXECUTIVE ORDER 10501 (Regulations Relating to		0 /	Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm Nease
	procedures to strenather 10-9-53 regarding	ing our classifi n them. Memo Be flects	cation elmont to Ladd.	Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman Gandy
			<i>F</i>	103 104 104
	RECOMMENDATION: Recommend our	liaison repreșe	entative obtain	b3
	SBD:dmd (5) Tic: Mr. Belmont Mr. Branigan Mr. Roach Mr. Papich	Mary S		>
			*!	,
٨٠٠	11.022	LD - 4	2-80750 -	2999
ment 6-1	RECC	RDED . 4	9 JUN 19 1957	
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71 JUN 241957 ==

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013

Office Memoranaum • United States Government

JJ v z z z z			O / Warristanis
ro : Mr. A.	H. Belmon	DATE:	June 14, 1957
FROM: $Mr.R.$	R. Roach		Tolson Nichols Nichols Nichols Nichols No Boardman
subject:		b3	Belmont Parson
0	n June 12, 1957.		Tamm Tamm Timerroy Tele. Room
		ligence Agency (CI.	Holloman Gandy
			b3 2 3 cm
	· ·		
ACTION:	<u>:</u>		
	None. For your in	nformation.	

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Liaison Section
1 - Mr. Papich

62-80750-3000 RECORDED-57

NDEXED - 2)

5 JUN 20 95

EN XE

71 JUN 27 1957

DATE OF MAIL 6-5-57

HAS BEEN REMOVED FOR THE CONFIDENTIAL FILE ROOM OF THE DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION.

SEE FILE 66-2554-7530 FOR AUTHORITY.

SUBJECT JUNE MAIL CENTRAL Intelligence agency

REMOVED BY DOGG

FILE NUMBER 62 -80750- V

PERMANENT SERIAL CHARGEOUT

DATE	OF	MAIL	6-6-57

HAS BEEN REMOVED FOR THE CONFIDENTIAL FILE ROOM OF THE DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION.

SEE FILE 66-2554-7530 FOR AUTHORITY.

SUBJECT JUNE MAIL C.O. Q.

REMOVED BY

FILE NUMBER 62-80750-V

PERMANENT SERIAL CHARGEOUT

DATE OF MAIL6-7-57	
HAS BEEN REMOVED FOR THE CONFIDENTIAL FILE ROOM OF THE DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION.	
SEE FILE 66-2554-7530 FOR AUTHORITY.	
SUBJECT JUNE MAIL CLA.	

REMOVED BY____

FILE NUMBER 62-80750-L

PERMANENT SERIAL CHARGEOUT

(h)

Date:

June 14, 1957

To:

Director, FBI

From:

Legat, Mexico

Subject:

MEXICO CITY OFFICE

ADMINISTRATIVE In various past communications I have mentione (own b3

Enclosure (1)

2-Bureau

2-Mexico (1cc: 164-50A)

JNS:rgb

AND SPECIMENS RETAINED IN

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ME LAW & THEN ARE FOR

Z

b3

Mr. Mohr ... Mr. Parsons. Mr. Rosen . Mr. Tanım.

Mr. Trotter Mr. Nease

Letter to Director, 6-14-57 Mexico City Office Administrative b3 b3

The forgoing is primarily for the Bureau's general

take no local action to alter the local situation, though I have, of course, cautioned all of our personnel of the need for atmost,

information.

circumspection in daily operations.

Unless the Bureau advises to the contrary, I will

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 C24W15B80

Office Memorandum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: June 14, 1957

FROM : MR. R. R. ROACE

Reference

SUBJECT:

STNOPSIS:

10 b3 h

Parsons
Rosen
Tamm
Nease
Winterrowd
Tele. Room
Holloman
Gandy

Aclesure fleet 6-17-57

(Fr. 1mm (6)

- Mr. delmont FOR INSTRUCTIONS AS

- Espisance FOR INSTRUCTIONS AS

1 - Section Tickler in Augustination 10 Jun 21 1950 Jun 24,1950

Memorandum to Mr. Relmont Re:	b3
ECOMMENDATIONS:	b3
(1)	
(2) If the above recommendation	n is approped it is recommende
(2) If the above recommendation	n is approved it is recommende
(2) If the above recommendation	n in amproped it is recommende
(2) If the above recommendation	
(2) If the above recommendation	
(3) If the above recommendation	As are approved, it is recommen
(3) If the above recommendation hat the attached letter incorporating t	ns are approved, it is recommen hem be sent to the Phoenix offi
hat	ns are approved, it is recommen hem be sent to the Phoenix offi

the

62-80750-3002 CHANGED TO 66-19078-X

OCT 14 1960

mt /Byr

Enclosed herewith is a letter advising

Enclosure test 57

Enclosure test 57

Enclosure test 50

SJP: bjt (5) W

1 - Mr. Belmont

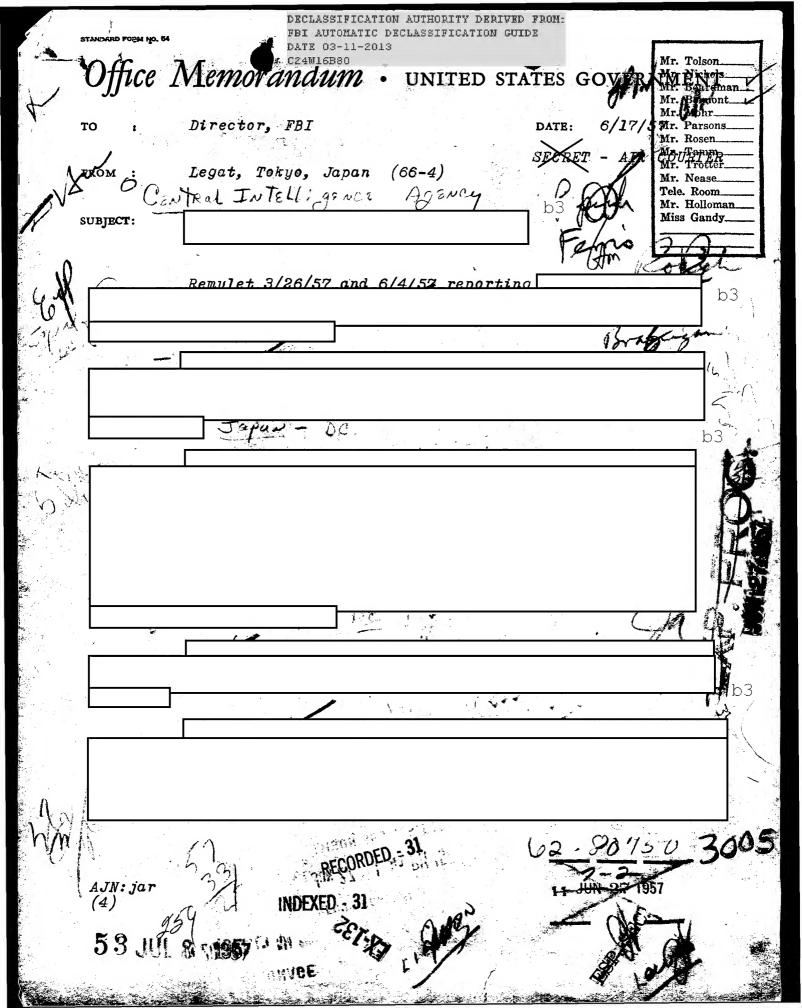
b3

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80 SAC, New York Birector, FBI

1-Liaison - Mr. Belmont Section - Mr. Branigan 1-Mr. Papich June 24, 1957

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY INTEREST IN THE UNITED NATIONS

	For someti	me. The Genti	al Intell	igence Agene	ey (CIA)
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	For your f	nformation			
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guided			d you, the	ersfore, she	b3
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	accordingly.	an	d you, the	erefore, she	
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SJP:bjt (7) Cover me same cap SJP:bjt	accordingly.	Belmont	ne.	E 62-	
SJP:bjt (7) Cover me same cap SJP:bjt	accordingly.	Belmont	ne.	C 62-	b3
SJP:bjt (7) Cover me same cap SJP:bjt	accordingly.	Belmont June 21, 1957	A AP	Ch2-	b3
SJP:bjt (7) Cover me same cap SJP:bjt	mo Roach to lotion, dated	Belmont June 21, 1957	ECORDED - 31	Photos she	b3
SJP:bjt (7) Cover me same cap SJP:bjt	accordingly.	Belmont June 21, 1957	ECORDED - 31	P62-	b3
SJP:bjt (7) Cover me same cap	mo Roach to lotion, dated	Belmont June 21, 1957	ECORDED - 31	C 62-	b3



DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80

OFFICE MEMORANDUM * UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

Mr. Belmont

DATE: June 12, 1957

FROM :

R. R. Roach

SUBJECT:

RUNNING MEMORANDA MAINTAINED

IN THE LIAISON SECTION

The purpose of this memorandum is to call to your attention the number of running memoranda presently maintained in the Liaison Section and to recommend that some of these be discontinued due to the fact that there is no valid reason for their continued maintenance.

There are thirteen running memoranda maintained in the Liaison Section identified as follows, and grouped as those which it is felt could be discontinued and these which should be continued:

Memoranda Which Could be Discontinued

Memoranda To Be Continued

Fund for the Republic

Highlights of Seat of Government Defense Plans for Chain of Command

Brief of Bureau Relocation V Plans

Domestic Intelligence Division Defense Plans

History of Relations, Central Intelligence Agency

Referral/Consult

The memorance pertaining to our relations with other agencies, namely. Army. Air Force. Navy. Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) and were started many years ago when either our relations with them were not completely amicable or well-established, or the agencies were new. These memoranda served a very useful purpose in the past, but it has been noted in more recent years there has been little or no reference to them.

RRR:mls (5) 1-Mr. Belmont 1-Mr. Medler 1- Mr. Roach INDEXED -8

62-80750 -3006 NOT RECOMPED 145 JUL 5 1357

ORIGINAL COFY FILED IN

. 940

Memorandum for Mr. Belmont Re: Running Memoranda Maintained In the Liaison Section

They, of course, have been kept up to date at all times. Keeping them up to date in effect is duplication of effort because nearly all of the factual data contained in these briefs are also contained in main files on the agencies involved or in individual case files. Such running memoranda are worthwhile and justifiable only if they serve an active and current need. Existing relations with Army, Air Force, Havy, CIA are such that through liaison we are able to avoid the causes of conflict and to handle all matters that arise promptly, not permitting them to drag out and possibly cause trouble.

The memoranda pertaining to the histories of our relations with other agencies, with the exception of that memorandum pertaining to CIA, have outlived their usefulness. Although our relations with CIA are now satisfactory, this agency has extremely varied, extensive, and involved operations which present many fields of potential conflicts and differences. Therefore, it is felt that this particular memorandum (History of Relations, Central Intelligence Agency) should be continued for the time being. In view of current conditions, the need for many of the memoranda is not the same as when they were originated. By clearing out certain "deadwood" among our needed memorands, we will be bringing our operations up to date and at the same time practice needed manpower economy.

The material maintained in the various running memoranda will not be destroyed, but will be put in the main file on each of the Agencies where it can be readily referred to, and if the need should arise in the future the material can be quickly brought up to date.

Referral/Consult

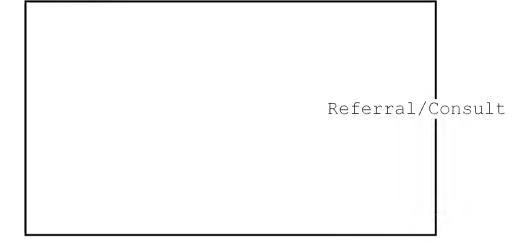
RECOMMENDATION:

In view of the foregoing, it is recommended:

1)	That the following running memoranda be discontinued:	
	discontinuedi	

Memorandum for Mr. Belmont
Re: Running Memoranda Maintained
In the Liaison Section

Recommendation #1 continued:



(2) That the following memoranda be retained in the Liaison Section:

Fund for the Republic

Highlights of Seat of Government Defense Plans for Chain of Command

Brief of Bureau Relocation Plans

Domestic Intelligence Division Defense Plans

History of Relations, Central Intelligence Agency

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE

DATE 03-11-2013

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ro : Mr. R. R. Roach

DATE: June 20, 1957

FROM : Mr. S. J. Pap

SUBJECT:

Nichols Boardman Belmont Mason Pi 3 Rosen Tamm Nease Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman Holloman

Tolson

Gandy _

b3

On June 19, 1957,

| Central Intelligence Agency (CIA)
| advised that

According to

ACTION:

The above information is being directed to the attention of the Espionage Section.

INDEXED-46

RECORDED-46

62-80/50-3007

8 JUL 2 1957

1 - Mr. Branigan

1 - Liaison Section

1 - Mr. Papich

SJP:bjt (4)

A AN

36

64 JUL 8 1957

STANDARD FORM NO. 6	GIR 2
Office	Memorandum • united states government
ro :	MR. A. H. BELMOUTH DATE: June 27, 1957
FROM :	MR. R. R. ROACH STOLSON DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80 DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: Tolson Nichols Boardman Belmont Belmont
subject:	b3 Referral/Consult Nason Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm
The same of the sa	Nease Winterrowd Tele. Room
Liaison	On June 26, 1957, by referral from SA D. J. Sullivan R
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	b3 Referral/Consult
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1 - Mr. 1 1 - Liais	Papich Son Section Sullivan

Office Memorandum • United States Government

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TO : Mr. R. R. Roach 3	DATE: June 26	3, 1957
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FROM: Mr.S.J. Papyon	* 25	Nichols Boardman _
		Belmont Mason
SUBJECT:	medier	Mohr Parsons
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The Central Intell	igence Agency (CIA) has	Gandy
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ACTION:

The above information is being referred to the attention of the Espionage Section.

> DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80

SJP: bjt (4)

1 - Mr. Branigan

1 - Liaison Section

1 - Mr. Papich

12 JUL 8 1007

RECORDED - 91 INDEXED - 91

b3

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Mem....lum united s

GOVERNMENT

то	DIRECTOR, FBI
F SUBJECT	SAC, PITTSBURGH (100-10145) CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY LIAISON b3
	Re blank memorandum entitled. four copies of which are enclosed.
	The confidential source as mentioned in paragraph one of b7C rememo is b7D This source, on May 24, 1957, furnished b7E
	SA JOHN E. MCCURRY It is to be noted that Is filed in
	The confidential source mentioned in rememo b7C is b7D source of the Pittsburgh Office, whose identity should be protected per request. The confidential source mentioned in
*	is confidential security informant of the Pittsburgh Office whose identity should be protected.
, . ,	j
	b3 b6 b7C
	De Bureau (RM) (Encls4) 4 RECORDED - 40 62-80750-301. JEMc:rl Recorded - 40 62-80750-301.
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It is to be noted that	Bufile 118-4573)
was investigated by the Bureau	
The Pittsburgh files contain	no information of a derogatory
nature which is identifiable w	with

Copies of rememo are submitted so that the Bureau can disseminate this information to CIA at the Seat of Government. Pittsburgh will not disseminate this information to the CIA at the local level, UACB.

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United States Department of Instice Kederal Bureau of Investigation

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania June 27, 1957

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80

n May 24, 1957, a confidential source, we eliable information in the past, advised f the Federal Bureau of Investigation (F	d the Pittsburgh Office	
the Pederal Bureau of Investigation ()	FRI) that	
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rnished information to the Bureau advised on March 25, 1955, that		
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October 13, 1955, a confidential source liable information in the past, advised	te, who has furnished that	
e CP-USA, its subdivisions, subsidiarie	es and affiliates has	

On December 2, 1953, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the pat, advised that the Pittsburgh Chapter of the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, almo known as the Western Pennsylmania Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, was organized in early December, 1953, at Pithsburgh.



1944



The American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

examine which i	d on June 3, 1957. contained a report dated April 22. 1 ndicated that	.955, b3
On Augu	st 31, 1955,	
OTTICE.	Gentral Intelligence Agency (GIA), advised the Pittsbu Federal Bureau of Investigation, that	ren

b3

CONFIDENTIAL

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson

DATE: June 27, 1957

FROM :

J. P. Mohr

SUBJECT:

REPORT OF THE COMMISSION ON

GOVERNMENT SECURITY

(Wright Commission)

b3

Referral/Consult

Tele. Room

L COPY FILED

Reference is made to my memorandum to you of June 27

captioned as above which is attached

The FBI, being exempted from the competitive Civil Service, is not now subject to the Lloyd-La Follette Act since this act applies only to the competitive Civil Service agencies.

NPC:akc

(7)

cc - Mr. Nichols

Mr. Belmont

Mr. Rosen

Mr. Tamm

Mr. Boardman

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Office Mensrandum • United States Government

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Date:	July 3, 1957			
To:	Director, FBI			
From:	Legat, Mexico (66-54) (100-74	3A)		
Subject:			b3 b7D	
	ReBulet to Phoenix dated June			
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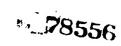
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also advis	ed that	

This matter will be closely followed and any pertinent developments will be immediately brought to the Bureau's attention.





UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

American Embassy Paris 8, France

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE

DATE 03-11-2013

Date:

July 2, 1957

To:

Director, FBI

From:

Legat, Paris (66-128)

b3

Subject:

CUNTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReBulet to London 6/19/57.

paid a courtesy call

Mr. Nichols...... Mr. Boardman

Mr. Belmont Mr. Mohr

Mr. Rosen

Mr. Nease

Tele. Room..

Miss Gandy_

Mr. Holleman

Mr. Parsons.....

Mr. T. a.r.

on

was very friendly. He commented that relations between the Bureau and CIA were cooperative.

he spoke very warmly of Mr. SAM PAPICH of the Bureau.

The usual amenities were exchanged, but no policy matters were discussed.

ROL: CM

RECORDED - 36

7 JUL 15 1957

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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Office Internovation • Onlies	D STATES GOVERN	MENT
TO : Mr. R. R. Roach	DATE: July 12,	1957
FROM: Mr. S. J. Papich	b3 b6	Tolson Nichols Boardman
subject:	b7C 1.e.W	Belmont Mason Mohr Parsons
	Broken)	Rosen Tamm Nease Winterrowd
0n Julu 11, 1957		Tele. Room Holloman Gandy
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<	· %	b6 b7C
A review of the Bureau's file to disclose any information concerning	es has failed	44
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The above information is being the attention of the Espionage Section.	ng directed to be by by	etter com
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1 - Mr. Branigan 1 - Liaison Section 1 - Mr. Papich RECORDED-32		ON ALL T
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64 JUL 22 1957

Office Mem. lum • UNITED

GOVERNMENT

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то	DIRECTOR, FBI	ı	DATE: 7-1-57	
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Date:

July 5, 1957

To:

Director. FBI

From:

the solo la Int be and the Legat, Mexico (66-43)

Subject:

MEXICO CITY OFFICE

ADMINISTRATIVE

Remylet June 14 last mentioning for the Bureau's

confidential information

b3

Last Sunday's edition of the important Mexico City morning daily newspaper "Novedades" carried an item of interest which will be set forth for the Bureau's information. is no present basis for feeling that this item was placed in the papers by the Communists or the Soviets,

b3

b3

The June 30 item in "Novedades" appeared in a column written by AGUSTIN BARRIOS GOMEZ called "Ensalada Popoff" (free translation - Society Salad). This column is one of the most prominent ones in Mexico City, and on the Sunday in question the lead item was as follows: (translation)

"Obeying the dictates of a gentlemanly diplomat, the most excellent Ambassador of the United States in Mexico, Mr.

2 - Bureau

2 - Mexico City (1 - 66-51A)JNS:plb

NOT RECORDED 46 JUL 25 1957

INITIALS ON ONIGINAL

DRIGINAL COPY FILED IN

MC 66-43

FRANCIS WHITE, had the courtesy of taking leave not only of Mexican officials, of his hundreds of friends gained during four years as Ambassador, and of the Diplomatic Corps accredited in this country, but also of the employees of Uncle Sam's Embassy, and thus it was that he decided to go one by one through the various sections of the Embassy. the faces (of the employees) one could note sadness and melancholy because they were losing not only their chief but also an understanding companion. The curious aspect of the matter had as its scene the 16th Floor, which is where is located the 'Intelligence Service.' Mr. WHITE knocked at the door and there appeared the face of a would-be Sherlock Holmes pocket edition. Chewing gum and examining him from head to foot, this person asked the Ambassador, 'Whom do you wish to see?' Mr. WHITE answered, 'I have come to take leave,' to which this member of the 'Intelligence Service' inquired, 'Who are you and whom do you come to take leave of?' This person should not be pardoned even though he is a recent arrival because at least he should have recognized the Ambassador from having seen his photograph."

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: Mr. A. H. Belmont		DATE:	July 3,	1957
M : Mr. R. R. Rough			-	Tolson Nichols Boardman
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1 - Liaison Section 1 - Mr. Papich 57 JUL 22 1957

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Yellow
Liaison Section
1 - Mr. Papich
July 19, 1957

SAC, Anchorage

pitropoen - 17	Director, FBI 50	-3015
WIGORDED !!		

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Reference is made to
4/2

SJP:bjt

NOTE ON YELLOW:

We have an understanding with CIA that its field offices will channel name check requests through CIA headquarters.

Tolson Nichols Boardman Belmont Mason Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm Nease Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman Holloman

Gandy

V 1597 **Mail**∈Room

Jan B

ANDARD PONM NO. 64

Office Membrandum FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 C24W16B80 C24W16B80

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI	DATE: 7/8/57
FROM: SAC, ANCHORAGE (62-2	66)
subject:	- Company of the second of the
Anchorage letter and the B captioned reflect	to the Bureau 6/17/57 captioned ureau's reply thereto of June 27
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STANDARD FORM NO. 64	a vir 9
Office Memorandum . UNIT	TED STATES GOVERNMENT
TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont	DATE: July 19, 1957
SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF COORDINATION	Telsor Microis Boardman Belmont Mason Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm
The Central Intelligence A four Deputy Directors under Alles Du General Charles Pabell, Frank isner L. K. White. These, of course, are immediately under the Director of CI	gency (CIA) now has Tele. Room — Holloman — Robert Amory and the top positions
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ACTION:	
None. For your informatio	n.
SJP: bitlik	DATE 2-11-16 BY SPICE
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1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. M.W. Kuhrtz 1 - Liaison Section 1 - Mr. Papich RECORDED - 1	62 - 80750 -301
1 - Mr. Papich	18 JUL 23 1957
EX-131	L. Williams

2 Prig & 1 1 Mellow 1 - Liaison Section 1 - Mr. Papich July 24, 195

SAC, New York		July 24,	1957
Director, FBI			
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COMM. FBI

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Mail Room



July 24, 1957

BY COURIER SERVICE

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Dear Sir: '		
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	John Edgar Hoover Director	
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MAIL ROOM



July 26, 1957

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August 1, 1957

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INDEXED - 7
Dear

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Your letter of July 22, 1957, with enclosure, has been received. While I deeply appreciate your thoughtfulness in bringing the matter to my attention, the FBI has no jurisdiction in this regard.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

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AUG = 1 1957
COMM-FBI

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NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Builes. The matter to which he is referring appears to be a matter of internal policy consideration for CIA and there is no allegation or indication of deliberate espionage or unwarranted publication of confidential material.

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MAIL ROOM

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July 22, 1957.

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director of Federal Eureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover: -

It is my firm belief that you are the greatest living American citizen and have done more for our country than any other single individual. Enclosed please find copy of my letter to Mr. Allen Welsh Dulles regarding the article on Central Intelligence Agency in the Ausust issue of Argosy magazine.

I believe this article should never have been printed. If I am correct in my assumption, I know you will see that the necessary steps are taken to prevent a reoccurance. If I am wrong, please accept my apology, however, I believe that every American citizen should speak up whenever he sees or hears anything that he believes is derogative to our nations security.

yours,	b6 b7C
	yours

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RECORDED - 7

INDEXED - 7

11 AUS 2 1957

CELLIE SEC

Mr. Allen Welsh Dulles, United States Central Intelligence Agency. Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Dulles: -

I am at a loss to understand why the article. "CIA, Our Invisible Sentinel" in the August issue of Argosy, was ever cleared for publication. The last two paragraphs refer to the ladies organization who wanted to compliment the CIA. The reply was, "If you praise us for the job we're doing you know more than you should" he said, " And if you know that much we can't be doing a good job.". If this statement be factual, then the article printed in Argosy would seem incongruous. It could be compared to a careless card player who exposes his hand before the final bet.

The Russian press can now supply undenable proof that we are sending spies into Russia by reprinting this part of the article. "The climax of it all was that, though all four were Russians, the boys were American spies recruited in Germany by the United States Central Intelligence Agency-CIA for short-and had parachuted into Russian territory to wrong Mother Russia." Again quoting the article, "The secretive CIA wont even go that far, they are the world's champions in keeping mum." As Argosy sells at least a half million copies, this could hardly be termed "keeping mum".

The article further states that the best intelligence set up is only as good as it's security. Yet, the article describes how agents are trained, provided with forged passports, work permits, Communist partycards and similar documents, even to "knockout pills'. If an agent is caught, wouldn't the "knockout pilss" be the first thing the Russkies would try to find? Now let us examine the story about agent"X". Any dim witted Russian could backtrack this story and locate the tool and die works. If we still have an agent there, I would not want to be in his shoes. And, if the article had not been published, you might have used this tool and die works again, even though the agent was transferred after the incident. Then there is that part about the microfilm under the dot in the letter. I suppose many nations now use this form for deception, but why admit it? Will not every letter be more minutely scrutinized by the Russians after publication of this fact?

You may have had an ulterior motive in permitting the printing of this article, but to an average American like myself, you have provided the Russian press with an abundance of hate propaganda. Many spoken statements are sufficiently damaging, but when put in writing, they can be disastrous. As any attorney, you have probably told this to many clients. In my opinion, it is regretable that you did not tell it to argosy magazine.

Very truly yours,

b6 b7C

62-80750-3021

Office Memorandum

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

b70

то	•	MR.	Α.	H.	BELMONT	128
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DATE: July 31, 1957

PROM

W. C. Sulliva

SUBIRCT:

"CIA--OUR INVISIBLE SENTINEL" ARTICLE IN ARGOSY MAGAZINE

AUGUST, 1957

CENTRAL RESEARCH MATTER

Popular.

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Nichols _ Boardman Belmont . Mohr _____ Parsons

Above-captioned article was written by Henry Jordan, a free-lance

writer.

Article deals with the history and operations of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) in a favorable manner. Article notes that CIA was set up in 1947 by former President Truman as a "full-time and professional espionage organization." Author states that "the FBI resented being nudged out of the intelligence job it was doing in South America and frequent friction resulted." No other comment regarding the FBI was made in the article.

Article indicates that CIA "called the shots correctly" and helped prevent a possible war in discovering British and French plans to attack Egypt to regain the Suez Canal in October-November, 1956. The article also states that CIA representatives engineered the overthrow of the pro-Soviet Premier Mohammed Mossadegh in Iran in 1953. The author also states that CIA sources alerted the United States to shipments of communist arms from Poland to Guatemala for communist uprisings in 1954.

NOT RECORDED

The article states that the first few years of CIA's existence were "marked by some fumbling" but asserts that difficulties were "ironed out" and CIA soon moved to the front rank of the world's espionage organizations. According to the author, the Soviet Committee of State Security (KGB) spends ten times as much money as CIA and is not as efficient as CIA.

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information.

6 0 AUG 16 1957

76 15 AUG

1 - Mr. Belmont



2 - Orig & 1

1 - Yellow 1 - Mr. Papich

1 - Liaison Section August 21, 1957

1 - Mr. Kuhrtz

RECORDED - Washington Field

Director, 181 750 - 3025

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Ru letter dated Amil 2 1957 b3 b3

The above to referred to you for your information.

In the event you receive any complaints concerning the Bureau should be immediately advised.

1 - New York (For information)

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MAILED 3 AUG 2 1 1957 COMM - FBI

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Mail Room TVM

1 - Mr. Condon

1 - Section tickler

2 - Original and copy

1 - Yellow file copy

Legal Attache, Tokyo (66-4)

August 30, 1957

Director, FHI (62-80750)

CORDED-85

TO THE

62-80750-3026 RELATIONS WITH CIA

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Reurlet 8/19/57 captioned as above.

It is not deemed advise Na that

As set forth in Bulet dated August 22, 1957, exptioned "Communist Party, USA, Internal Security - C." your request for

b3 b7D

The information regarding the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Inc., was forwarded to your office as an endosure to Bulet dated August 7, 1957, captioned "American Soviet Society, Information Concerning, Internal Security - C."

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (route through for review)

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NOTE: Relet requested information suitable for dissemination regarding the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Inc

 b3 b7D

Mail Room

70 SEP 9 1957

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: STANDARD FORM NO. 64 FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE Office Memoranduri • United States Government Director, FBI DATE: 8/19/57 Legat, Tokye, Japan (66-4) RELATIONS WITH CIA SUBJECT: Remylet 8/8/57 coptioned CPUSA, IS-C. advised that b3 Agent advised In the interest of recommended that

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EX 105

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: STENCHE PURM NO. 64 FRI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-11-2013 OVERNMENT UNITED 57 Mr. A. H. Belmon August 30, Mr. R. R. Roach Beardman Belmont Mohr CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA) SUBJECT: "ES QUIRE" ARTICLE, SEPTEMBER, 1957, ISSUÉ ENTITLED LOTA: HOTTEST ROLE IN THE COLD WAR" Reference is made to the enclosed article concerning CIA Holloman Gandy which appeared in the September, 1957, issue of "Esquire"; the article is authored by Enno Hobbing. The theme of the article is very The agency is characterized as doing an efficient job. statement is made that CIA is "more closely checked than any other Government agency." With regard to CIA's accomplishments, Hobbing gives credit to CIA for obtaining a copy of the secret speech made by b3 Khrushchev at the 20th Party Congress. Considerable space is devoted to CIA's development of defectors and recruitment of agents. There is only one reference to the FBI. Hobbing makes the statement "Then there are in CIA the ex-FBI men, who bring with them the investigative talents of an older organization, in which they perhaps did not have the chances to advance that a new one offered." On August 27, 1957 CIA, confidentially advised Agent Papich that The article describes Hobbing as having served in U. S. Army Bureau and inquired for information concerning the Bureau's interest in the investigation of security risks at the United Nations. He was not given any information. (62-77787-4413). Referral/Consult In 1943, the Bureau investigated Reimar Friedrich The father was predicated on an allegation to the hight be a Nazi ympathizer. Reports indicate that the father had been a German officer EnclosureRECORDED - 73

SJP: bjt (7)

1 - Mr. Belmont

SEP 1 219576-34

1-Mr. Branigan

1-Mr. Papich

1-Liaison Section NDEXED .73

Memorandum Mr. Roach to Mr. Belmont
RE: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA)
ARTICLE SEPTEMBER, 1957, ISSUE "ESQUIRE"
ENTITLED "CIA: HOTTEST ROLE IN THE COLD WAR"

in World War I; that he was a naturalized U. S. citizen and that his son, Enno, had been born in Germany. The investigation did not develop information reflecting that the father was a Nazi sympathizer.

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ACTION:

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Referral/Consult

None. For your information.

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Jan - No



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CIA HOTTEST ROLE IN THE COLD WAR

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An expert's intimate picture of the U.S.'s growing spy system and how it scored a decisive victory over Khrushchev

I'm so good that I could swagger. I know things that would make you stagger. I'm 90 per cent cloak . . . and 10 per cent dagger. Boo-boo, baby, I'm a spy.

STRUE the days in World War II when a puckish Istanbul orchestra played this song every time an unmistakably American intelligence officer entered its café, the U.S. intelligence business has shucked any and all quixotic romanticism. It is cold and serious big business now, with upwards of 8,000 people employed by the pre-eminent U.S. intelligence organization, the Central Intelligence Agency. And CIA work, for all its partaking of many of the monotonous characteristics of corporate enterprise, is today the pursuit where an American in peacetime supremely looks into the soul of others and his own. The CIA man is more constantly, closely and tellingly at grips with his Communist opposite number than any other American. The CIA man may penetrate those state secrets the Reds want to hide and he conceals the American secrets the Reds seek. The CIA man may discreetly distinfect a foreign political climate poisoned by Red insinuations. Or the CIA man moves swiftly through foreign political back rooms, to rescue and revive a friendly government and a friendly people who were on the verge of being choked by Communist pressure. Where he succeeds, the CIA man gets no public acclaim, but has the unmatched reward of knowing that he, in the night, massaged the heart of freedom back to life.

Within the last year, the CIA men have had loaded on them the biggest range of responsibility that they have borne in their decade of existence. (The CIA was established in September, 1947, when the lessons of World War II made it apparent that the many disparate intelligence activities of U.S. government departments needed a center and a head.) As long as Joseph Stalin ran the U.S.S.R., the East-West struggle was bluff and blatant, noisily black and white. With the advent of Nikita Khrushchev, it has become a much more subtle proposition. Clandestine activities in the Stalin era, it seems fair to say, had a vital tactical significance. But Khrushchev has inaugurated what may properly be called "the clandestine era," where such work is of strategic scope. In the place of the old hammer-handed Communist motto that "who is not for us is against us," Khrushchev seems to have substituted silkily, "who is not against us is for us." He has announced a deceptive, dulcet campaign of competition for men's loyalties that Whittaker Chambers has described as possibly making Communism "radioactive" again.

But Nikita Khrushchev did not succeed in starting that campaign with the surprise and the finesse he had hoped. The CIA spoiled his start, and in so doing declared that the U.S. was prepared to counter him on his own clandestine grounds.

on his own clandestine grounds.

When the U.S. last year published to the world what Khrushchev had spoken in secret at the decisive 20th Party Congress of the Soviet Communist party, the CIA was reputedly responsible. One of its operatives is believed to have obtained a copy of the speech abroad and sent it to CIA in Washington. (Curiously enough, one of the few things not secret about the CIA is its location. Over the entrance at 2430 "E" Street is a sign proclaiming that it is the headquarters of the Central Intelligence

Agency.) Its publication, through the channels of the State Department, wrecked the cautious timetable that Khrushchev had presumably set for letting the speech and its radical implications trickle down through the world-wide Communist apparatus. The various Communist parties, instead of being spoon-fed de-Stalinization through a gentle dosage of Kremlin directives, grew visibly sick.

Thousands of members quit the Communist parties, in a mass defection probably unmatched since the disillusionment of the Hitler-Stalin pact. Those who remained clashed in bitter factional fights in their own countries—and remonstrated excitedly with a Moscow that was unprepared for their knowing so much about the new line so soon. The political potential of the Red International plummeted sharply downward. At the same time, all the anti-Communists were explicitly warned of the new tactics of cajolery and camouflage that Moscow had in mind. As an erstwhile CIA critic grudgingly exclaimed, "With the publication of the Khrushchev speech, CIA certainly justified whatever it spent last year."

The story of how CIA got hold of the Khrushchev speech could con-

The story of how CIA got hold of the Khrushchev speech could conceivably be told. But the telling would contribute more to the Soviets, in hinting how they might break up an excellent American "penetration" of their apparatus, than it would to American public enlightenment. Suffice it to say that the CIA has at its disposal an ample battery of ways to procure Communist documents. Coded Communist communications can be monitored and the codes broken. Communist couriers can have their pouches rifled and the contents photographed and replaced, all without their knowledge. Communist defectors may turn up as "walkins" at a CIA "front" installation and deliver a bagful of vital papers—something like turning state's evidence in an American court proceeding. Or there may be at CIA's command that living paragon of clandestine assets, the "defector in place"—i.e., a Communist who has broken with the party without the party's knowing it, and who now uses his party position to feed a stream of documents and oral reports to his CIA "case officer" in regularly scheduled meetings in a CIA controlled "safe house." By one or more of these ways, CIA presumably scored its coup in procuring the Khrushchev speech.

A word to the worried, who by now may be concerned about the



Ever since he served U.S. Army Intelligence in World War II, Enno Hobbing has been a fascinated student of intelligence organizations and their methods. This interest was particularly spurred when, after the war, he had the opportunity to interrogate the leading members of Hitler's spy system. His career since the war has taken him into numerous areas ridden with international intrigue; he was the editor of Die Neue Zeitung, the U.S. military government German-language newspaper, when it was published in postwar Berlin, and he has been a news correspondent both abroad and in Washington

propriety of American involvement in such shenangans. The intelligence business is at least as old as the time wheli Joshua sent spies into Jerichol. The purpose of intelligence work has always been quite simple: to discover in just what way the enemy was lying, to help and save friends in the enemy camp, to protect the intelligence man's own people against foreign trickery and treachery. But the importance of intelligence has never been higher in history than today, when the Communist empire avowedly works on two levels: the diplomatic and public for sheer purposes of deception, the covert and quiet to slaughter the sheep who believe what Moscow officially professes. Yet some Americans in 1957 persist in the Wilsonian ideology of 1917, of "open covenants openly arrived at;" and decry U.S. clandestihe activities. Others adhere to the maxim of the redoubtable Henry L. Stimson who, as Secretary of State under Herbert Hoover, closed down the tiny secret section of the State Department with the observation that "gentlemen do not read other people's mail." Both these postures lost their validity after 1945, when international communism became a commanding menace on the international scene. Indeed, for the U.S. public today in peacetime to have qualms about the existence of CIA as a civil shield of the republic makes about as "much senses, as to have qualms about the existence of the Strategic, Aig Command and the H-bomb as a military shield.

What is of concern to the public, just as the quality of U.S. missiles, boinbs, planes and pilots are of concern, is the quality of U.S. spies. How well qualified are the CIA men to take up the inescapable gauntlet that Khrushchev has thrown down?

CIA men come in a kaleidoscopic variety of shapes, sizes and qualities—is they do in all human institutions. The director of CIA, the grey and genial sixty-four-year-old Allen W. Dulles, is a former Wall Street lawyer. His chief value to his law firm, Sullivan & Cromwell, was not, however, in his command of legal details. Instead, Dulles was regarded by his legal partners as, first, a superb customer's man and, second, the man who was willing to make the decisions they were reluctant to take. Both these talents stand Dulles in excellent stead in his job as director of the Central Intelligence Agency today.

From Wall Street to CIA via OSS

The former customer's man is generally regarded as the peer of American "case officers." He built that reputation with the World War II OSS in Centwa, Switzerland: There he secured a fantasts flow of vital reports the date of the Nazi attack or Russia, the location of the main V-I bases—out of Huler's Germany. He didlit by firstilling in German agents like the celebrated "George Wood" (whose real initials were K.F.) the same mixture of confidence in him and attachment to the U.S. that he had once instilled in the clients of Sullivan & Cromwell From his practical experience in intelligence details, Dulles as CIA chief has an intimate understanding of the problems of his lower echelons. His capacity to make decisions naturally serves CIA well too. He has been known to break up divided and uncertain meetings of his top advisers with a confident wave of the hand, "The operation will go on."

Next to Dulles in the CIA hierarchy is the sparsely sandy-haired and-deeply Southern-Air Force Lieutenant General Charles P. Cabell: He was formerly the boss of the secretariat of the Joint Chiefs of Staff in the Fentagon, and represents the CIA potential for effective co-operation with the military intelligence services. The presence of Cabell, like that of Dulles, underscores the fact that while the CIA itself is only ten years old, it operation. American intelligence experience of considerably better windige. In Cabell's wake in the CIA come many former officers from the military intelligence services who find their flair for espionage better rewarded in the CIA than in the services, where line and all-around performance is at premium; and service, supply and communications officers who provide CIA with a hard core of logistical know-how. Dulles, in his turn, heads a CIA contingent that includes lawyers who by temperament prefer to be the principals, rather than the counselors, in an action; former business executives who in the middle of life suddenly hanker after rewards beyond money; and young men of private means who are unselfishly eager to redeem their unearned good luck.

Then there are in CIA the ex-FBI men, who bring with them the investigative talents of an older organization, in which they perhaps did not have the chances to advance that a new one offered. There are emigrés, Germans who fied Hitler, Russians and many other nationalities, with their varying wealths of language and area expertise. A sizable CIA category consists of ex-academicians, who can have more fun, make money and pursue action rather than abstraction in the intelligence business. These include scholars with staggering linguistic gifts and poetical types with an incredibly sensitive apperception of the psychological mo-

tivations of potential agents. Finally, as it must to all organizations, there comes to CIA the crowd of secretaries, budget officers, personnel directors and other administrative officers who, while they use the same talents that are required in non-secret work, share the clandestine atmosphere.

A secular monkishness unites all these men from very diverse backgrounds. They are really excluded from the inquisitive and open Amerido you do?" Those in the "overt" part of CIA, the section devoted to research and to the compilation and evaluation of the flood of intelligence information that pours in, can admit to working for CIA. But at the next question, "What do you do there?" they must clam up; and they must sit mum and feignedly ignorant through many a dinner conversation where an amateur rattles off his views on the very subject on which the CIA man is an expert. For if he identifies what he is doing, or if he shows what he knows and thinks, the CIA man pinpoints a secret preoccupation of the U.S. government or a secret policy. The "overt" side of CIA is responsible, at the head of a task force from the military and other government intelligence agencies, for the preparation of the National Intelligence Estimates—the closely reasoned and finely qualified studies of foreign countries and international issues that distill everything overtly or covertly known to the U.S. into objective analyses for the National Security Council and its chairman, the President himself. If an "overt" CIA man talks, and it gets about, the Soviets will have clues to the inner-most councils of the U.S. administration.

The members of the "covert" side of CIA, the one that through secret

The members of the "covert" side of CIA, the one that through secret operations collects the information or creates the circumstances which the "overt" side evaluates, must keep themselves even more under wraps. Ideally, they should be able to claim plausibly some occupation totally different from CIA. But the task of acquiring "cover" and keeping it is tricky and arduous. For example, it is practically impossible for a CIA man to masquerade as a journalist because the journalistic fraternity is a close-knit and gregarious one, where everybody knows roughly what everybody else is up to, and where, moreover, a man who does not get published an amount of copy that requires his full working time soon finds himself under suspicion. Business. "cover" is theoretically more practical; an agent-could have a relationship with a firm that would leave him partly free for his CIA work. But, the claims of the Communists that capitalism and CIA activities go hand in glove notwithstanding, American companies are notably cool to the idea of putting agents on their payrolls. Blocked at many a turn by the open-and-aboveboard American ways of doing things, "covert" CIA men must devise some kind of "covers" as best they can. Often, it means they just have to keep out-of sight as much as possible.

This means that for social life and intellectual stimulus, the "covert" CIA operatives are really thrown on each other. Their wives cannot be told what they are doing. Their children are put off with some vague: story and not infrequently get the idea that their dedicated fathers don't amount to much in the world. Neighbors barge in, expansive about their own affairs, and feel a slight chill when the CIA man does not talk as freely of himself. When the covert operative goes on his tours of overseas duty, he is again confined to a small sector of the foreign human-scene, denied the expansive pleasures that living abroad can have. No matter where he is, the operative works odd hours, often meeting his—contacts at night and sometimes dropping from view for weeks and months—while his wife worries helplessly and his has little idea if something has not struck his family that requires his presence at home.

thing has not struck his family that requires his presence at home.

To these personal deprivations, official ones must be added. Security is the first requirement of intelligence work, therefore the operative, knows that, rather than being implicitly trusted by his superiors, he is necessarily under their constant scrutiny for any signs that he may be disloyal. If he gets into any kind of official row with a boss or accolleague—and this happens in any organization—he should not take his case to any public court of appeal. Worst of all, if the operative falls into Communist hands, he knows that his government has to disavow him. It is a claustrophobic environment, in whith only the very strong and the supremely devoted survive to do well.

The CIA just has to take it

Just as the CIA man has no public recompense or redress, he and his organization have no defense against public attacks. When someone cries out after a national fiasco, "Where was our intelligence?" CIA lacks the privilege of producing proof that it was right there. When CIA is accused of doctoring the National Intelligence Estimates to serve the political purposes of a current administration, the CIA cannot put its outraged refutation on record. The only charge against it that the CIA

can readily rip apart without betraying its own mission is that it has practically arrogated unchecked control of U.S. foreign policy.

Actually, the CIA is perhaps more closely checked than any other government agency. The inborn instincts of the democratic process, ever on guard against secret concentrations of strength, have seen to that. Seven of the most respected and responsible members of the U.S. Congress form an ad hoc working group privy to CIA operations. The CIA budget, which is packed into other appropriations for purposes of concealment from foreign enemies, is known to selected officials in the Bureau of the Budget and several members of Congress. In the last few years, two notable committees have been through the agency stem to sterm, one headed by Eieutenant General Jimmy Doolittle, the other by General Mark W. Clark. Today there is in existence the President's board for checking on the CIA. It is headed by Massachusetts Institute of Technology President James R. Killian, Jr., and includes such knowledgeable figures as former Defense Secretary Robert A. Lovett, Doolittle, steel magnate Henry-Ryerson and others. This board, with full access to CIA activities, must report to the President twice a year. Meanwhile, Allen Dylles reports to the National Security Council every week.

while, Allen Dulles reports to the National Security Council every week. Since the, CIA is an instrument of U.S. foreign policy, it must also co-ordinate closely and constantly with the pre-eminent U.S. foreign policy agency, the Department of State. (The joint decisions of State and CIA are subject to National Security Council approval.) State may counsel against undertaking some operations on the ground that there could not be "plausible denial" of the U.S. hand if the operations were "blown", i.e., publicly exposed, and that the damage to U.S. interests from a "blown" operation might be greater than what the operation could hope to achieve. However, considering the effrontery with which the Soviets deny participation in clandestine operations in which they have been caught Red-handed, it may well be that the U.S. should consider "implausible denial" as sufficient.

Among the things that CIA is permitted to do, one function is obvious: intelligence procurement. Several others are matters of speculation.

CIA extracts Communist secrets by research, by technical means and by straight agent operations. CIA analysts read everything published and obtainable from the Communist orbit. Between the lines, they find a wealth of information that the Communists would like to keep concealed, but which they unconsciously imply in what they say. The CIA analyst's job is of course immensely more complicated than that of his Communist opposite number, who can take American publications at face value. The CIA analyst is the man who mist overcome the intelligence advantage that the Soviets gain by censorship.

Electronic leakage: for and against

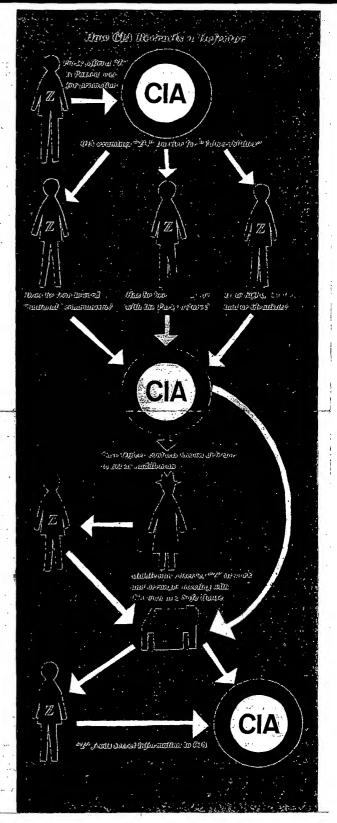
The CIA technical specialist also competes against formidable Communist opposition. Any U.S. embassy or diplomar's home behind the Iron Curtain is "bugged" by the Red landlords, who conceal electronic audio surveillance devices with extraordinary skill and imagination. Outside the Iron Curtain, Red agents attempt to install such devices in important U.S. headquarters. The enemy listening gadgets must not only be found so that American official business can be transacted in privacy; it must also be assumed that some of them are not found as soon as they are put in. In retaliation, CIA men presumably go about the business of "bugging" Communist offices so that there is at least as much electronic intelligence heldage out of them as out of U.S. offices.

ness of "Sugging" Communist offices so that there is at least as much electronic intelligence leakage out of them as out of U.S. offices.

But exhaustive testing and ultramodern electronics cannot and will not replace the classic figure of all intelligence work, the agent. How does a CIA man recruit a member of the Communist apparatus for U.S. service?

CIA obviously never reveals its methods to outsiders. But the whole process of wooing agents has been practiced by many nations over many centuries. And since a human equation is always involved in recruitment, it is doubtful that CIA has discovered anything new in the field. The classic pattern of agent recruitment transposed into CIA circumstances can be fairly closely imagined.

The process may begin with an analyst in Washington. He may note that Mr. Z, in a foreign Communist apparatus, was passed over for promotion. Playing a hunch that Z might be miffed, the analyst may go to CIA's vast collection of personal dossiers and examine Z's biography for "rulnerabilities." Has he been in trouble with the party before? Then he might be promised assistance and asylum in return for certain services to the U.S. Does he lean toward "national Communism"? Then a limited bargain might be struck where he and the U.S. co-operate against Russian influence on his country. Is, he highly intellectual or idealistic? Then CIA might envisage sending one of its top ideological debaters to win him



away from Communism. In any event, Mr. Z, unbeknownst to him, has now been "spotted for recruitment."

now been "spotted for recruitment."

The next step is the "approach." A CIA case officer in Z's country obviously should not approach Z cold. If Z refused to be recruited, the case officer would not only be "blown." He might be expelled from Z's country, his other operations endangered, the whole U.S. penetration of the local Communist party jeopardized. In dire emergencies, CIA men amake successful "cold approaches" to key foreign nationals and secure their co-operation in the nick of time. But in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, it is essential that a third party be employed between the case officer and the potential agent to feel the latter out.

the case officer and the potential agent to feel the latter out.

In Z's case, the CIA man might use a Communist party clerk or chauffeur who is already on the CIA payroll! He would be instructed to try to get a job near Z, where he could observe him and gradually gain his confidence. Then he would report regularly to the case officer on Z's moods, opinions and problems. Sifting these reports, the case officer might eventually decide that Z seemed ripe for the crucial "approach."

This is, of course, one of the most tense and chilling moments in the intelligence business, and has to be prepared with maximum care. The clerk or chauffeur might be chosen to do it, if his psychological relationship to Z weems sufficiently strong for him to convince Z to turn agent. But in case the clerk or chauffeur should fail, the crucial rendezvous has to be held in a site—preferably a CIA-controlled "safe house"—from which he can speedily be evacuated to safety, before the outraged Z can turn him over to the police. Alternatively, another already employed local agent might be injected into the picture—with similar precautions for his safety. In that case, the man who had been reporting on Z would not be exposed. He could either keep further tabs on Z if the approach failed, or he could serve as a check on Z's loyalty while Z is working as an agent. Or, depending on circumstances, the CIA man could make the decisive approach himself. This is frequently necessary because foreign agents want the visible assurance that they are actually dealing with the U.S. and will enjoy whatever protection the U.S. can give them during their hazardous duty.

Recruitment of an agent

The "approach" scene compels the CIA man to marshal all his knowledge, authority and persuasive powers with the resourcefulness of a topnotch lawyer—and with the knowledge that, if his argument fails, he pays the penalty of the client. But if Z capitulates, the CIA man then moves relievedly on into the "recruitment," the fixing of the objectives, communication arrangements and compensation aspects of the new agent-case officer relationship.

Z will be given precise instructions as to the type of information he is to obtain and pass on. He may communicate with the case officer through a "dead drop," an innocuous-looking address to which the agent reports are mailed, or some physical spot where the agent leaves them and the case officer picks them up. A "live drop" may be used, a store or professional office where the agent leaves his reports, disguised perhaps as a package, which the case officer collects without the "live drop's" knowing what it is all about. Again, a "cut-out" may be injected, another agent who can meet Z with more safety—and then Z may hardly see the case officer at all. Or regular "safe-house" meetings may be scheduled between Z and the case officer. For these, there would always be prearranged "emergency signals" in case either one felt he had been followed to the rendezvous. Other signals would be devised to warn that either party had to skip a rendezvous. Finally, as the last detail of the "recruitment," a form and a rate of compensation will be arranged. It is a mistake to assume that agents generally work for money. Many do it simply for anti-Communist reasons.

With good luck, Z and the case officer may work together for years in the same country. Meanwhile the U.S. would profit from a constant flow of secret information out of Z's party. But the day may also come when Z is no longer safe as a "defector in place." Then he has to be evacuated, often to the U.S. There, after he has been thoroughly "debriefed," after CIA men have for weeks and months gone over all the knowledge that he might not have had time to communicate in his necessarily infrequent and brief meetings with the case officer abroad, Z may be "surfaced." This means that Z will be permitted to appear at a press conference or some other appropriate forum. There he will tell the world those secrets of his Communist apparatus that are of no use to CIA in the planning or execution of further agent operations, but do have an anti-Communist propaganda value.

An outstanding example of a "surfaced" defector is Joseph Swiatlo, the former colonel in the UB, the Polish secret police, who fied to the West in

1953. What Swiatlo told the world and his own Polish people about the machinations of the UB completely discredited the UB and the Stalinist apparatus in Poland. It directly paved the way for the Gomulka take-over of power in October 1956—and helped to hand Nikita Khrushchev his humiliating defeat when he flew to Warsaw to hak Gomulka, and failed.

This shadow area on the fringe of the intelligence business has been extended by some press reports claiming that the CIA had a hand in rescuing the country of Iran from Communist infiltration and that of Guatemala from a Communist government. Such press assertions have never been proved. But naturally they lead to speculation as to how the CIA might be of help in similar situations.

The speculation can only be pursued by glancing at the extensive operations of the Communists in the field generally known as "political warfare." It is known that the Soviets subsidize the propaganda work of Communist parties all over the world. It is known that the Soviets are masters of the art of partisan warfare and have set up potential guerrilla armies in many countries. (In France, for instance, it is estimated that the Communists can call on some 50,000 "durs" for an armed civil uprising if they should judge the moment opportune.) Moreover, the Soviet hand has been plainly visible in such postwar, coups d'état behind the Iron Curtain as Czechoslovakia, Rumania, Hungary and Poland. In each instance, it was evident that the Soviet ambassador or some special deputy arriving from Moscow steered the local Communists through their piecemeal whittling down of the democratic forces and presided over the final liquidation of the democratic process.

Strength where it is needed

It is certainly to be hoped that the CIA has at its disposal some countervailing talents and assets to such Soviet stratagems. It would be cruel indeed if, say, the Ruritanian Democratic Party in still-free Ruritania succumbed to the Communists because it did not have as much skilled assistance and advice from the U.S. as the Ruritanian Communists inescapably receive from the Soviets. Especially in underdeveloped countries, where the science of government is often at a low ebb and where the Soviets pour in funds and agents in order to exploit the chaos, it seems desirable for the U.S. to assist the democratic forces to develop proper security measures against the Red enemy. And where a Communist coup.may.be.in.the.making, it especies. Junest mandatory for the U.S. to put some mature political skill and strength at the disposal of its friends. Often the beleaguered democratic forces abroad could not openly appeal to the U.S. for this kind of help, because the Communists would have to be secretly provided.

The public speculations on the CIA role in Iran and Guatemala provide hope—but no real assurance—that the U.S. is at last catching up with the Soviets in its capacity to bail out its sinking allies in many parts of the world

All the things he does—and the added things that he probably ought to do—throw a tremendous burden of responsibility on the CIA man, for which he gets small pay and less recognition.

Why does he stay on the job?

For one thing, he is a child of his time, the clandestine era. He is like the mountain climber who ascends the peak "because it is there." The Soviets are there with their vast subversive apparatus; someone has to conquer it on behalf of the U.S. Anyone who thinks that proposition through may find himself mailing a job application to Allen Dulles. His organization consists largely of men who have.

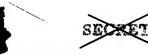
A CIA man's epitaph is his own

Then, odd as it may sound to the conventional man, CIA work satisfies a profound sense of morality. The abstract devotee of the "nonintervention" school of political thought will stand by in pious horror as Communists take over people and nations. He will do nothing about it because that would be "intervention" too. For a professor's mess of pottage, he is ready to let human beings and human heritages pass into bloody oblivion. He will, however, write an eloquent epitaph. The CIA man believes that only those things are moral that are real. If by intelligence work in all its ramifications he can save lives and happiness and free institutions in a jungle world, that is civilized and right with him.

Lastly, the infinitely complex clandestine age takes on for its intimate U.S. participants a splendid simplicity. Across the street from the CIA agent, maybe next door, invisible but ever-present is the enemy, his Communist counterpart. Amid the organizational jungle of modern life, the CIA man's task is as clean and exhilarating and individually crucial as ancient single combat. ##

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ESQUIRE : September



i - Section tickler

- Mir. Thornton

- Mr. Belmont

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